

ACT #2021 - 1

1 HB170
2 209328-4
3 By Representatives Garrett and Whitt
4 RFD: Ways and Means Education
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1
2 ENROLLED, An Act,

3 Relating to corporate income tax; to provide for an
4 exclusion from Alabama individual income tax for federal tax
5 credits, advance refunds, qualified disaster relief payments,
6 Small Business Administration subsidy payments, Emergency EIDL
7 grants, Targeted EIDL advances, student loans, or loan
8 forgiveness resulting from the federal Coronavirus Aid,
9 Relief, and Economic Security Act, Taxpayer Certainty and
10 Disaster Relief Tax Act, or COVID-related Tax Relief Act; to
11 provide an income and financial institution excise tax
12 exemption for any amounts received from the Coronavirus Relief
13 Fund; to amend Section 40-27-1, Code of Alabama 1975, to
14 change the apportionment factor to a single sales factor; to
15 retroactively decouple from the new federal law 26 U.S.C. §
16 951A relating to Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income and 26
17 U.S.C. § 118(b)(2); to change how a corporation limits its
18 business interest expense deduction; and to provide that an
19 Electing Pass-Through Entity shall be taxed at the entity
20 level instead of its owners, members, partners, or
21 shareholders.

22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

23 Section 1. Sections 2 through 4 of this act shall be
24 known and may be cited as the "Alabama Taxpayer Stimulus
25 Freedom Act of 2021."

1 Section 2. (a) Any tax credits or advance refund
2 amounts received as a result of the federal Coronavirus Aid,
3 Relief, and Economic Security Act, as provided in I.R.C. §
4 6428, or as a result of Section 272 of the COVID-related Tax
5 Relief Act of 2020 (RELIEF Act), Pub. L. 116-260, as provided
6 in I.R.C. § 6428A, or as a result of other similiar
7 COVID-related relief measures for individuals enacted by the
8 United States Congress, as applicable to the 2021 tax year,
9 shall be excluded from Alabama individual income taxation.

10 (b) Any tax credits or advance refund amounts
11 received as a result of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief,
12 and Economic Security Act, as provided in I.R.C. § 6428, or as
13 a result of Section 272 of the RELIEF Act, Pub. L. 116-260, as
14 provided in I.R.C. § 6428A, or as a result of other similar
15 COVID-related relief measures for individuals enacted by the
16 United States Congress shall also be excluded from any and all
17 calculations in determining a taxpayer's federal income tax
18 deduction pursuant to Section 40-18-15, Code of Alabama 1975.

19 (c) Principal or interest payments incurred by an
20 employer on any qualified education loan that is excluded from
21 the employee's federal gross income pursuant to I.R.C. §
22 127(c)(1)(B), under the provisions of Section 2206(a) of the
23 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, as amended
24 by Section 120 of the Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief
25 Tax Act of 2020, Pub. L. 116-260, shall be excluded from the

1 gross income of an employee for income taxes imposed by
2 Chapter 18 of Title 40, to the same extent as the amount is
3 excluded from the federal gross income.

4 (d) Any amount received from a Qualified Emergency
5 Federal Aid Grant shall be excluded from the gross income of
6 the grant recipient for income taxes imposed by Chapter 18 of
7 Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975, to the same extent as the
8 amount is excluded from the federal gross income under Section
9 277 of the RELIEF Act.

10 (e) Any Alabama taxpayer subject to the tax imposed
11 by Chapter 16 or Chapter 18 of Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975,
12 shall be exempt from recognizing as income any amount received
13 from the state Coronavirus Relief Fund provided by the
14 Congress of the United States to the State of Alabama from the
15 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act.

16 (f) Any qualifying disaster relief payment received
17 by an Alabama taxpayer that would be excluded from federal
18 income taxation pursuant to I.R.C. § 139 as a result of the
19 Presidential Proclamation on Declaring a National Emergency
20 Concerning the Novel Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Outbreak
21 shall be excluded from the gross income of the taxpayer for
22 income taxes imposed by Chapter 18 of Title 40, Code of
23 Alabama 1975, to the same extent as the amount is excluded
24 from federal gross income.

1 Section 3. Any amount of cancellation of
2 indebtedness income resulting from a loan forgiven under
3 Section 1106 or Section 1109 of the federal Coronavirus Aid,
4 Relief, and Economic Security Act as redesignated or amended
5 by the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits,
6 and Venues Act, Pub. L. 116-260, or under Section 311 thereof:

7 (1) Shall be exempt from the financial institution
8 excise tax imposed by Chapter 16 of Title 40, Code of Alabama
9 1975, and the income taxes imposed by Chapter 18 of Title 40,
10 Code of Alabama 1975, to the same extent as the amount is
11 exempt from the federal income tax under Sections 276 or 278
12 of the RELIEF Act.

13 (2) Shall not be considered in determining the
14 deductibility of otherwise deductible expenses, such as
15 payroll, utilities, mortgage interest, and rent, allowed to be
16 paid with the exempt funds, to the same extent as the expenses
17 remain deductible in calculating federal income tax under
18 Sections 276 or 278 of the RELIEF Act.

19 (3) Shall also be excluded from any and all
20 calculations in determining a taxpayer's federal income tax
21 deduction pursuant to Chapter 16 or Chapter 18 of Title 40,
22 Code of Alabama 1975.

23 Section 4. Any subsidy payment for covered loans as
24 described in Section 1112(c) of the federal Coronavirus Aid,
25 Relief, and Economic Security Act; any amounts received as

1 Emergency EIDL Grants under Section 1110 of the federal
2 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, as amended
3 by Section 332 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small
4 Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act; and any amounts
5 received as Grants to Shuttered Venues or as Targeted EIDL
6 Advances under Sections 324 or 331, respectively, of the
7 Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and
8 Venues Act:

9 (1) Shall be exempt from financial institution
10 excise tax imposed by Chapter 16 of Title 40, Code of Alabama
11 1975, and the income taxes imposed by Chapter 18 of Title 40,
12 Code of Alabama 1975, to the same extent as the amount is
13 exempt from federal income tax under Section 278 of the RELIEF
14 Act.

15 (2) Shall not be considered in determining
16 deductibility of otherwise deductible expenses, such as
17 payroll, utilities, mortgage interest, and rent, allowed to be
18 paid with the exempt funds, to the same extent as the expenses
19 remain deductible in calculating federal income tax under
20 Section 278 of the RELIEF Act.

21 (3) Shall also be excluded from any and all
22 calculations in determining a taxpayer's federal income tax
23 deduction pursuant to Chapter 16 or Chapter 18 of Title 40,
24 Code of Alabama 1975.

1 Section 5. Sections 6 through 7 of this act shall be
2 known and may be cited as, "The Alabama Business Tax
3 Competitiveness Act."

4 Section 6. Section 40-27-1, Code of Alabama 1975, is
5 amended to read as follows:

6 "§40-27-1.

7 "The following Multistate Tax Compact is hereby ap-
8 proved, adopted, and enacted into law by the State of Alabama:

9 Multistate Tax Compact

10 Article I. Purposes.

11 "The purposes of this compact are to:

12 "1. Facilitate proper determination of state and
13 local tax liability of multistate taxpayers, including the
14 equitable apportionment of tax bases and settlement of
15 apportionment disputes.

16 "2. Promote uniformity or compatibility in
17 significant components of tax systems.

18 "3. Facilitate taxpayer convenience and compliance
19 in the filing of tax returns and in other phases of tax
20 administration.

21 "4. Avoid duplicative taxation.

1 Article II. Definitions.

2 "As used in this compact:

3 "1. "State" means a state of the United States, the
4 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any
5 territory or possession of the United States.

6 "2. "Subdivision" means any governmental unit or
7 special district of a state.

8 "3. "Taxpayer" means any corporation, partnership,
9 firm, association, governmental unit or agency, or other
10 person acting as a business entity in more than one state, but
11 does not include any individual.

12 "4. "Income tax" means a tax imposed on or measured
13 by net income including any tax imposed on or measured by an
14 amount arrived at by deducting expenses from gross income, one
15 or more forms of which expenses are not specifically and
16 directly related to particular transactions.

17 "5. "Capital stock tax" means a tax measured in any
18 way by the capital of a corporation considered in its
19 entirety.

20 "6. "Gross receipts tax" means a tax, other than a
21 sales tax, which is imposed on or measured by the gross volume
22 of business, in terms of gross receipts or in other terms, and
23 in the determination of which no deduction is allowed which
24 would constitute the tax an income tax.

1 "7. "Sales tax" means a tax imposed with respect to
2 the transfer for a consideration of ownership, possession or
3 custody of tangible personal property, or the rendering of
4 services measured by the price of the tangible personal
5 property transferred or services rendered and which is
6 required by state or local law to be separately stated from
7 the sales price by the seller, or which is customarily
8 separately stated from the sales price, but does not include a
9 tax imposed exclusively on the sale of a specifically
10 identified commodity or article or class of commodities or
11 articles.

12 "8. "Use tax" means a nonrecurring tax, other than a
13 sales tax, which (a) is imposed on or with respect to the
14 exercise or enjoyment of any right or power over tangible
15 personal property incident to the ownership, possession or
16 custody of that property or the leasing of that property from
17 another including any consumption, keeping, retention, or
18 other use of tangible personal property and (b) is
19 complementary to a sales tax.

20 "9. "Tax" means an income tax, capital stock tax,
21 gross receipts tax, sales tax, use tax, and any other tax
22 which has a multistate impact, except that the provisions of
23 articles III, IV, and V of this compact shall apply only to
24 the taxes specifically designated therein and the provisions

1 of article IX of this compact shall apply only in respect to
2 determinations pursuant to article IV.

3 Article III. Elements of Income Tax Laws.

4 Taxpayer Option, State and Local Taxes.

5 "1. Any taxpayer subject to an income tax whose in-
6 come is subject to apportionment and allocation for tax pur-
7 poses pursuant to the laws of a party state or pursuant to the
8 laws of subdivisions in two or more party states may elect to
9 apportion and allocate his or her income in the manner pro-
10 vided by the laws of such state or by the laws of such states
11 and subdivisions without reference to this compact, or may
12 elect to apportion and allocate in accordance with article IV.
13 This election for any tax year may be made in all party states
14 or subdivisions thereof or in any one or more of the party
15 states or subdivisions thereof without reference to the elec-
16 tion made in the others. For the purposes of this paragraph,
17 taxes imposed by subdivisions shall be considered separately
18 from state taxes and the apportionment and allocation also may
19 be applied to the entire tax base. In no instance wherein ar-
20 ticle IV is employed for all subdivisions of a state may the
21 sum of all apportionments and allocations to subdivisions
22 within a state be greater than the apportionment and alloca-
23 tion that would be assignable to that state if the apportion-

1 ment or allocation were being made with respect to a state
2 income tax.

3 Taxpayer Option, Short Form.

4 "2. Each party state or any subdivision thereof
5 which imposes an income tax shall provide by law that any tax-
6 payer required to file a return, whose only activities within
7 the taxing jurisdiction consist of sales and do not include
8 owning or renting real estate or tangible personal property,
9 and whose dollar volume of gross sales made during the tax
10 year within the state or subdivision, as the case may be, is
11 not in excess of \$100,000 may elect to report and pay any tax
12 due on the basis of a percentage of such volume, and shall
13 adopt rates which shall produce a tax which reasonably approx-
14 imates the tax otherwise due. The Multistate Tax Commission,
15 not more than once in five years, may adjust the \$100,000 fig-
16 ure in order to reflect such changes as may occur in the real
17 value of the dollar, and such adjusted figure, upon adoption
18 by the commission, shall replace the \$100,000 figure specifi-
19 cally provided herein. Each party state and subdivision
20 thereof may make the same election available to taxpayers ad-
21 ditional to those specified in this paragraph.

1 Coverage.

2 "3. Nothing in this article relates to the reporting
3 or payment of any tax other than an income tax.

4 Article IV. Division of Income.

5 "1. As used in this article, unless the context
6 otherwise requires:

7 "(a) "Business income" means income arising from
8 transactions and activity in the regular course of the
9 taxpayer's trade or business and includes income from tangible
10 and intangible property if the acquisition, management, and
11 disposition of the property constitute integral parts of the
12 taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.

13 "(b) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place
14 from which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed
15 or managed.

16 "(c) "Compensation" means wages, salaries,
17 commissions, and any other form of remuneration paid to
18 employees for personal services.

19 "(d) "Financial organization" means any bank, trust
20 company, savings bank, industrial bank, land bank, safe
21 deposit company, private banker, savings and loan association,

1 credit union, cooperative bank, small loan company, sales
2 finance company, investment company, or any type of insurance
3 company.

4 "(e) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other
5 than business income.

6 "(f) "Public utility" means any business entity (1)
7 which owns or operates any plant, equipment, property,
8 franchise, or license for the transmission of communications,
9 transportation of goods or persons, except by pipeline, or the
10 production, transmission, sale, delivery, or furnishing of
11 electricity, water, or steam; and (2) whose rates of charges
12 for goods or services have been established or approved by a
13 federal, state or local government, or governmental agency.

14 "(g) "Sales" means all gross receipts of the
15 taxpayer not allocated under paragraphs of this article.

16 "(h) "State" means any state of the United States,
17 the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any
18 territory or possession of the United States, and any foreign
19 country or political subdivision thereof.

20 "(i) "This state" means the state in which the
21 relevant tax return is filed or, in the case of application of
22 this article to the apportionment and allocation of income for
23 local tax purposes, the subdivision or local taxing district
24 in which the relevant tax return is filed.

1 "2. Any taxpayer having income from business
2 activity which is taxable both within and without this state,
3 other than activity as a financial organization or public
4 utility or an individual, shall allocate and apportion his or
5 her or its net income as provided in this article. If a
6 taxpayer has income from business activity as a public utility
7 but derives the greater percentage of his or her or its income
8 from activities subject to this article, the taxpayer may
9 elect to allocate and apportion his or her or its entire net
10 income as provided in this article.

11 "3. For purposes of allocation and apportionment of
12 income under this article, a taxpayer is taxable in another
13 state if (1) in that state he or she or it is subject to a net
14 income tax, a franchise tax measured by net income, a
15 franchise tax for the privilege of doing business, or a
16 corporate stock tax, or (2) that state has jurisdiction to
17 subject the taxpayer to a net income tax regardless of
18 whether, in fact, the state does or does not.

19 "4. Rents and royalties from real or tangible
20 personal property, capital gains, interest, dividends, or
21 patent or copyright royalties, to the extent that they
22 constitute nonbusiness income, shall be allocated as provided
23 in paragraphs 5 through 8 of this article.

24 "5. (a) Net rents and royalties from real property
25 located in this state are allocable to this state.

1 "(b) Net rents and royalties from tangible personal
 2 property are allocable to this state: (1) if and to the extent
 3 that the property is utilized in this state, or (2) in their
 4 entirety if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this
 5 state and the taxpayer is not organized under the laws of or
 6 taxable in the state in which the property is utilized.

7 "(c) The extent of utilization of tangible personal
 8 property in a state is determined by multiplying the rents and
 9 royalties by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number
 10 of days of physical location of the property in the state
 11 during the rental or royalty period in the taxable year and
 12 the denominator of which is the number of days of physical
 13 location of the property everywhere during all rental or
 14 royalty periods in the taxable year. If the physical location
 15 of the property during the rental or royalty period is unknown
 16 or unascertainable by the taxpayer, tangible personal property
 17 is utilized in the state in which the property was located at
 18 the time the rental or royalty payer obtained possession.

19 "6. (a) Capital gains and losses from sales of real
 20 property located in this state are allocable to this state.

21 "(b) Capital gains and losses from sales of tangible
 22 personal property are allocable to this state if (1) the
 23 property had a situs in this state at the time of the sale, or
 24 (2) the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and

1 the taxpayer is not taxable in the state in which the property
2 had a situs.

3 "(c) Capital gains and losses from sales of
4 intangible personal property are allocable to this state if
5 the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.

6 "7. Interest and dividends are allocable to this
7 state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.

8 "8. (a) Patent and copyright royalties are allocable
9 to this state: (1) if and to the extent that the patent or
10 copyright is utilized by the payer in this state, or (2) if
11 and to the extent that the patent copyright is utilized by the
12 payer in a state in which the taxpayer is not taxable and the
13 taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.

14 "(b) A patent is utilized in a state to the extent
15 that it is employed in production, fabrication, manufacturing,
16 or other processing in the state or to the extent that a
17 patented product is produced in the state. If the basis of
18 receipts from patent royalties does not permit allocation to
19 states or if the accounting procedures do not reflect states
20 of utilization, the patent is utilized in the state in which
21 the taxpayer's commercial domicile is located.

22 "(c) A copyright is utilized in a state to the
23 extent that printing or other publication originates in the
24 state. If the basis of receipts from copyright royalties does
25 not permit allocation to states or if the accounting

1 procedures do not reflect states of utilization, the copyright
2 is utilized in the state in which the taxpayer's commercial
3 domicile is located.

4 "9. All business income shall be apportioned to this
5 state by multiplying the income by ~~a fraction, the numerator~~
6 ~~of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus~~
7 ~~twice the sales factor, and the denominator of which is four.~~

8 "10. ~~The property factor is a fraction, the~~
9 ~~numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real~~
10 ~~and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in~~
11 ~~this state during the tax period and the denominator of which~~
12 ~~is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible~~
13 ~~personal property owned or rented and used during the tax~~
14 ~~period.~~

15 "11. ~~Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its~~
16 ~~original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer is valued at~~
17 ~~eight times the net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate~~
18 ~~is the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer less any annual~~
19 ~~rental rate received by the taxpayer from subrentals.~~

20 "12. ~~The average value of property shall be~~
21 ~~determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending~~
22 ~~of the tax period but the tax administrator may require the~~
23 ~~averaging of monthly values during the tax period if~~
24 ~~reasonably required to reflect properly the average value of~~
25 ~~the taxpayer's property.~~

1 ~~"13. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator~~
2 ~~of which is the total amount paid in this state during the tax~~
3 ~~period by the taxpayer for compensation and the denominator of~~
4 ~~which is the total compensation paid everywhere during the tax~~
5 ~~period.~~

6 ~~"14. Compensation is paid in this state if:~~

7 ~~"(a) The individual's service is performed entirely~~
8 ~~within the state;~~

9 ~~"(b) The individual's service is performed both~~
10 ~~within and without the state, but the service performed~~
11 ~~without the state is incidental to the individual's service~~
12 ~~within the state; or~~

13 ~~"(c) Some of the service is performed in the state~~
14 ~~and (1) the base of operations or, if there is no base of~~
15 ~~operations, the place from which the service is directed or~~
16 ~~controlled is in the state; or (2) the base of operations or~~
17 ~~the place from which the service is directed or controlled is~~
18 ~~not in any state in which some part of the service is~~
19 ~~performed, but the individual's residence is in this state.~~

20 ~~" 15. 10. The sales factor is a fraction, the~~
21 ~~numerator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer in this~~
22 ~~state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is~~
23 ~~the total sales of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax~~
24 ~~period.~~

1 ~~"16.~~ 11. Sales of tangible personal property are in
2 this state if:

3 ~~"(a) T~~he property is delivered or shipped to a
4 purchaser, other than the United States government, within
5 this state regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions
6 of the sale, ~~or.~~

7 ~~"(b) The property is shipped from an office, store,~~
8 ~~warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in this state~~
9 ~~and (1) the purchaser is the United States government or (2)~~
10 ~~the taxpayer is not taxable in the state of the purchaser.~~

11 ~~"17.~~ 12. Sales, other than sales described in
12 Section ~~16~~ 11, are in this State if the taxpayer's market for
13 the sale is in this state.

14 "(a) The taxpayer's market for a sale is in this
15 state:

16 "(1) In the case of sale, rental, lease, or license
17 of real property, if and to the extent the property is located
18 in this state;

19 "(2) In the case of rental, lease, or license of
20 tangible personal property, if and to the extent the property
21 is located in this state;

22 (3) In the case of sale of a service, if and to the
23 extent the service is delivered to a location in this state;

24 "(4) In the case of lease or license of intangible
25 property; or sale or other exchange of intangible property if

1 the receipts from the sale or exchange derive from payments
2 that are contingent on the productivity, use, or disposition
3 of the property, if and to the extent the intangible property
4 is used in this state; provided that intangible property used
5 in marketing a good or service to a consumer is used in this
6 state if the good or service that is marketed using the
7 intangible property is purchased by a consumer who is in this
8 state; and

9 "(5) In the case of sale of intangible property
10 other than that referenced in subdivision (4) above; where the
11 property sold is a contract right, government license, or
12 similar intangible property that authorizes the holder to
13 conduct a business activity in a specific geographic area; if
14 and to the extent the intangible property is used in or
15 otherwise associated with this state, provided that any sale
16 of intangible property not otherwise described in this
17 subdivision or subdivision (4) above shall be excluded from
18 the numerator and the denominator of the sales factor.

19 "(b) If the state of assignment cannot be determined
20 under subsection (a), it shall be reasonably approximated.

21 "(c) If the taxpayer is not taxable in a state to
22 which a sale is assigned under subsection (a), or if the state
23 of assignment cannot be determined under subsection (a) or
24 reasonably approximated under subsection (b), the sale shall
25 be excluded from the denominator of the sales factor.

1 ~~18.~~ 13. If the allocation and apportionment
2 provisions of this article do not fairly represent the extent
3 of the taxpayer's business activity in this state, the
4 taxpayer may petition for or the tax administrator may
5 require, in respect to all or any part of the taxpayer's
6 business activity, if reasonable:

7 "(a) Separate accounting;

8 "(b) The exclusion of any one or more of the
9 factors;

10 "(c) The inclusion of one or more additional factors
11 which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity
12 in this state; or

13 "(d) The employment of any other method to effectu-
14 ate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the tax-
15 payer's income.

16 Article V. Elements of Sales and Use Tax Laws.

17 Tax Credit.

18 "1. Each purchaser liable for a use tax on tangible
19 personal property shall be entitled to full credit for the
20 combined amount or amounts of legally imposed sales or use
21 taxes paid by him or her with respect to the same property to
22 another state and any subdivision thereof. The credit shall be
23 applied first against the amount of any use tax due the state,

1 and any unused portion of the credit shall then be applied
2 against the amount of any use tax due a subdivision.

3 Exemption Certificates, Vendors May Rely.

4 "2. Whenever a vendor receives and accepts in good
5 faith from a purchaser a resale or other exemption certificate
6 or other written evidence of exemption authorized by the ap-
7 propriate state or subdivision taxing authority, the vendor
8 shall be relieved of liability for a sales or use tax with re-
9 spect to the transaction.

10 Article VI. The Commission.
11 Organization and Management.

12 "1. (a) The Multistate Tax Commission is hereby
13 established. It shall be composed of one "member" from each
14 party state who shall be the head of the state agency charged
15 with the administration of the types of taxes to which this
16 compact applies. If there is more than one such agency the
17 state shall provide by law for the selection of the commission
18 member from the heads of the relevant agencies. State law may
19 provide that a member of the commission be represented by an
20 alternate but only if there is on file with the commission

1 written notification of the designation and identity of the
2 alternate. The Attorney General of each party state or his or
3 her designee, or other counsel if the laws of the party state
4 specifically provide, shall be entitled to attend the meetings
5 of the commission, but shall not vote. Such Attorneys General,
6 designees, or other counsel shall receive all notices of
7 meetings required under paragraph 1(e) of this article.

8 "(b) Each party state shall provide by law for the
9 selection of representatives from its subdivisions affected by
10 this compact to consult with the commission member from that
11 state.

12 "(c) Each member shall be entitled to one vote. The
13 commission shall not act unless a majority of the members are
14 present, and no action shall be binding unless approved by a
15 majority of the total number of members.

16 "(d) The commission shall adopt an official seal to
17 be used as it may provide.

18 "(e) The commission shall hold an annual meeting and
19 such other regular meetings as its bylaws may provide and such
20 special meetings as its executive committee may determine. The
21 commission bylaws shall specify the dates of the annual and
22 any other regular meetings, and shall provide for the giving
23 of notice of annual, regular, and special meetings. Notices of
24 special meetings shall include the reasons therefor and an
25 agenda of the items to be considered.

1 "(f) The commission shall elect annually, from among
 2 its members, a chair, a vice-chair, and a treasurer. The
 3 commission shall appoint an executive director who shall serve
 4 at its pleasure, and it shall fix his or her duties and
 5 compensation. The executive director shall be secretary of the
 6 commission. The commission shall make provision for the
 7 bonding of such of its officers and employees as it may deem
 8 appropriate.

9 "(g) Irrespective of the civil service, personnel,
 10 or other merit system laws of any party state, the executive
 11 director shall appoint or discharge such personnel as may be
 12 necessary for the performance of the functions of the
 13 commission and shall fix their duties and compensation. The
 14 commission bylaws shall provide for personnel policies and
 15 programs.

16 "(h) The commission may borrow, accept, or contract
 17 for the services of personnel from any state, the United
 18 States, or any other governmental entity.

19 "(i) The commission may accept for any of its
 20 purposes and functions any and all donations and grants of
 21 money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services,
 22 conditional or otherwise, from any governmental entity, and
 23 may utilize and dispose of the same.

24 "(j) The commission may establish one or more
 25 offices for the transacting of its business.

1 "(d) Do all things necessary and incidental to the
2 administration of its functions pursuant to this compact.

3 Finance.

4 "4. (a) The commission shall submit to the Governor
5 or designated officer or officers of each party state a budget
6 of its estimated expenditures for such period as may be
7 required by the laws of that state for presentation to the
8 legislature thereof.

9 "(b) Each of the commission's budgets of estimated
10 expenditures shall contain specific recommendations of the
11 amounts to be appropriated by each of the party states. The
12 total amount of appropriations requested under any such budget
13 shall be apportioned among the party states as follows: one
14 tenth in equal shares; and the remainder in proportion to the
15 amount of revenue collected by each party state and its
16 subdivisions from income taxes, capital stock taxes, gross
17 receipts taxes, sales and use taxes. In determining such
18 amounts, the commission shall employ such available public
19 sources of information as, in its judgment, present the most
20 equitable and accurate comparisons among the party states.
21 Each of the commission's budgets of estimated expenditures and
22 requests for appropriations shall indicate the sources used in

1 obtaining information employed in applying the formula
2 contained in this paragraph.

3 "(c) The commission shall not pledge the credit of
4 any party state. The commission may meet any of its
5 obligations in whole or in part with funds available to it
6 under paragraph 1(i) of this article: Provided that the
7 commission takes specific action setting aside such funds
8 prior to incurring any obligation to be met in whole or in
9 part in such manner. Except where the commission makes use of
10 funds available to it under paragraph 1(i), the commission
11 shall not incur any obligation prior to the allotment of funds
12 by the party states adequate to meet the same.

13 "(d) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of
14 all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements
15 of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting
16 procedures established under its bylaws. All receipts and
17 disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be
18 audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant
19 and the report of the audit shall be included in and become
20 part of the annual report of the commission.

21 "(e) The accounts of the commission shall be open at
22 any reasonable time for inspection by duly constituted
23 officers of the party states and by any persons authorized by
24 the commission.

1 "(f) Nothing contained in this article shall be con-
2 strued to prevent commission compliance with laws relating to
3 audit or inspection of accounts by or on behalf of any govern-
4 ment contributing to the support of the commission.

5 Article VII. Uniform Regulations and Forms.

6 "1. Whenever any two or more party states, or
7 subdivisions of party states, have uniform or similar
8 provisions of law relating to an income tax, capital stock
9 tax, gross receipts tax, sales or use tax, the commission may
10 adopt uniform regulations for any phase of the administration
11 of such law, including assertion of jurisdiction to tax, or
12 prescribing uniform tax forms. The commission may also act
13 with respect to the provisions of article IV of this compact.

14 "2. Prior to the adoption of any regulation, the
15 commission shall:

16 "(a) As provided in its bylaws, hold at least one
17 public hearing on due notice to all affected party states and
18 subdivisions thereof and to all taxpayers and other persons
19 who have made timely request of the commission for advance
20 notice of its regulation-making proceedings.

21 "(b) Afford all affected party states and
22 subdivisions and interested persons an opportunity to submit

1 relevant written data and views, which shall be considered
2 fully by the commission.

3 "3. The commission shall submit any regulations
4 adopted by it to the appropriate officials of all party states
5 and subdivisions to which they might apply. Each such state
6 and subdivision shall consider any such regulation for adop-
7 tion in accordance with its own laws and procedures.

8 Article VIII. Interstate Audits.

9 "1. This article shall be in force only in those
10 party states that specifically provide therefor by statute.

11 "2. Any party state or subdivision thereof desiring
12 to make or participate in an audit of any accounts, books,
13 papers, records, or other documents may request the commission
14 to perform the audit on its behalf. In responding to the
15 request, the commission shall have access to and may examine,
16 at any reasonable time, such accounts, books, papers, records
17 and other documents, and any relevant property or stock of
18 merchandise. The commission may enter into agreements with
19 party states or their subdivisions for assistance in
20 performance of the audit. The commission shall make charges,
21 to be paid by the state or local government or governments for
22 which it performs the service, for any audits performed by it

1 in order to reimburse itself for the actual costs incurred in
2 making the audit.

3 "3. The commission may require the attendance of any
4 person within the state where it is conducting an audit or
5 part thereof at a time and place fixed by it within such state
6 for the purpose of giving testimony with respect to any
7 account, book, paper, document, other record, property, or
8 stock of merchandise being examined in connection with the
9 audit. If the person is not within the jurisdiction, he or she
10 may be required to attend for such purpose at any time and
11 place fixed by the commission within the state of which he or
12 she is a resident: Provided that such state has adopted this
13 article.

14 "4. The commission may apply to any court having
15 power to issue compulsory process for orders in aid of its
16 powers and responsibilities pursuant to this article and any
17 and all such courts shall have jurisdiction to issue such
18 orders. Failure of any person to obey any such order shall be
19 punishable as contempt of the issuing court. If the party or
20 subject matter on account of which the commission seeks an
21 order is within the jurisdiction of the court to which
22 application is made, such application may be to a court in the
23 state or subdivision on behalf of which the audit is being
24 made or a court in the state in which the object of the order

1 being sought is situated. The provisions of this paragraph
 2 apply only to courts in a state that has adopted this article.

3 "5. The commission may decline to perform any audit
 4 requested if it finds that its available personnel or other
 5 resources are insufficient for the purpose or that, in the
 6 terms requested, the audit is impracticable of satisfactory
 7 performance. If the commission, on the basis of its
 8 experience, has reason to believe that an audit of a
 9 particular taxpayer, either at a particular time or on a
 10 particular schedule, would be of interest to a number of party
 11 states or their subdivisions, it may offer to make the audit
 12 or audits, the offer to be contingent on sufficient
 13 participation therein as determined by the commission.

14 "6. Information obtained by an audit pursuant to
 15 this article shall be confidential and available only for tax
 16 purposes to party states, their subdivisions or the United
 17 States. Availability of information shall be in accordance
 18 with the laws of the states or subdivisions on whose account
 19 the commission performs the audit, and only through the
 20 appropriate agencies or officers of such states or
 21 subdivisions. Nothing in this article shall be construed to
 22 require any taxpayer to keep records for any period not
 23 otherwise required by law.

24 "7. Other arrangements made or authorized pursuant
 25 to law for cooperative audit by or on behalf of the party

1 states or any of their subdivisions are not superseded or
2 invalidated by this article.

3 "8. In no event shall the commission make any charge
4 against a taxpayer for an audit.

5 "9. As used in this article, "tax," in addition to
6 the meaning ascribed to it in article II, means any tax or
7 license fee imposed in whole or in part for revenue purposes.

8 Article IX. Arbitration.

9 "1. Whenever the commission finds a need for
10 settling disputes concerning apportionments and allocations by
11 arbitration, it may adopt a regulation placing this article in
12 effect, notwithstanding the provisions of article VII.

13 "2. The commission shall select and maintain an
14 arbitration panel composed of officers and employees of state
15 and local governments and private persons who shall be
16 knowledgeable and experienced in matters of tax law and
17 administration.

18 "3. Whenever a taxpayer who has elected to employ
19 article IV, or whenever the laws of the party state or
20 subdivision thereof are substantially identical with the
21 relevant provisions of article IV, the taxpayer, by written
22 notice to the commission and to each party state or
23 subdivision thereof that would be affected, may secure

1 arbitration of an apportionment or allocation, if he or she is
2 dissatisfied with the final administrative determination of
3 the tax agency of the state or subdivision with respect
4 thereto on the ground that it would subject him or her to
5 double or multiple taxation by two or more party states or
6 subdivisions thereof. Each party state and subdivision thereof
7 hereby consents to the arbitration as provided herein, and
8 agrees to be bound thereby.

9 "4. The arbitration board shall be composed of one
10 person selected by the taxpayer, one by the agency or agencies
11 involved, and one member of the commission's arbitration
12 panel. If the agencies involved are unable to agree on the
13 person to be selected by them, such person shall be selected
14 by lot from the total membership of the arbitration panel. The
15 two persons selected for the board in the manner provided by
16 the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall jointly
17 select the third member of the board. If they are unable to
18 agree on the selection, the third member shall be selected by
19 lot from among the total membership of the arbitration panel.
20 No member of a board selected by lot shall be qualified to
21 serve if he or she is an officer or employee or is otherwise
22 affiliated with any party to the arbitration proceeding.
23 Residence within the jurisdiction of a party to the
24 arbitration proceeding shall not constitute affiliation within
25 the meaning of this paragraph.

1 "5. The board may sit in any state or subdivision
 2 party to the proceeding, in the state of the taxpayer's
 3 incorporation, residence or domicile, in any state where the
 4 taxpayer does business, or in any place that it finds most
 5 appropriate for gaining access to evidence relevant to the
 6 matter before it.

7 "6. The board shall give due notice of the times and
 8 places of its hearings. The parties shall be entitled to be
 9 heard, to present evidence, and to examine and cross-examine
 10 witnesses. The board shall act by majority vote.

11 "7. The board shall have power to administer oaths,
 12 take testimony, subpoena and require the attendance of
 13 witnesses and the production of accounts, books, papers,
 14 records, and other documents, and issue commissions to take
 15 testimony. Subpoenas may be signed by any member of the board.
 16 In case of failure to obey a subpoena, and upon application by
 17 the board, any judge of a court of competent jurisdiction of
 18 the state in which the board is sitting or in which the person
 19 to whom the subpoena is directed may be found may make an
 20 order requiring compliance with the subpoena, and the court
 21 may punish failure to obey the order as a contempt. The
 22 provisions of this paragraph apply only in states that have
 23 adopted this article.

24 "8. Unless the parties otherwise agree the expenses
 25 and other costs of the arbitration shall be assessed and

1 allocated among the parties by the board in such manner as it
2 may determine. The commission shall fix a schedule of
3 compensation for members of arbitration boards and of other
4 allowable expenses and costs. No officer or employee of a
5 state or local government who serves as a member of a board
6 shall be entitled to compensation therefor unless he or she is
7 required on account of his or her service to forego the
8 regular compensation attaching to his or her public
9 employment, but any such board member shall be entitled to
10 expenses.

11 "9. The board shall determine the disputed
12 apportionment or allocation and any matters necessary thereto.
13 The determinations of the board shall be final for purposes of
14 making the apportionment or allocation, but for no other
15 purpose.

16 "10. The board shall file with the commission and
17 with each tax agency represented in the proceeding: the
18 determination of the board; the board's written statement of
19 its reasons therefor; the record of the board's proceedings;
20 and any other documents required by the arbitration rules of
21 the commission to be filed.

22 "11. The commission shall publish the determinations
23 of boards together with the statements of the reasons
24 therefor.

1 "12. The commission shall adopt and publish rules of
2 procedure and practice and shall file a copy of such rules and
3 of any amendment thereto with the appropriate agency or
4 officer in each of the party states.

5 "13. Nothing contained herein shall prevent at any
6 time a written compromise of any matter or matters in dispute,
7 if otherwise lawful, by the parties to the arbitration pro-
8 ceeding.

9 Article X. Entry Into Force and Withdrawal.

10 "1. This compact shall enter into force when enacted
11 into law by any seven states. Thereafter, this compact shall
12 become effective as to any other state upon its enactment
13 thereof. The commission shall arrange for notification of all
14 party states whenever there is a new enactment of the compact.

15 "2. Any party state may withdraw from this compact
16 by enacting a statute repealing the same. No withdrawal shall
17 affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a
18 party state prior to the time of such withdrawal.

19 "3. No proceeding commenced before an arbitration
20 board prior to the withdrawal of a state and to which the
21 withdrawing state or any subdivision thereof is a party shall
22 be discontinued or terminated by the withdrawal, nor shall the

1 board thereby lose jurisdiction over any of the parties to the
2 proceeding necessary to make a binding determination therein.

3 Article XI. Effect on Other Laws and Jurisdiction.

4 "Nothing in this compact shall be construed to:

5 "(a) Affect the power of any state or subdivision
6 thereof to fix rates of taxation, except that a party state
7 shall be obligated to implement article III 2. of this
8 compact.

9 "(b) Apply to any tax or fixed fee imposed for the
10 registration of a motor vehicle or any tax on motor fuel,
11 other than a sales tax: Provided that the definition of "tax"
12 in article VIII 9. may apply for the purposes of that article
13 and the commission's powers of study and recommendation
14 pursuant to article VI 3. may apply.

15 "(c) Withdraw or limit the jurisdiction of any state
16 or local court or administrative officer or body with respect
17 to any person, corporation or other entity, or subject matter,
18 except to the extent that such jurisdiction is expressly
19 conferred by or pursuant to this compact upon another agency
20 or body.

21 "(d) Supersede or limit the jurisdiction of any
22 court of the United States.

1 Article XII. Construction and Severability.

2 "This compact shall be liberally construed so as to
 3 effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this
 4 compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause,
 5 sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be
 6 contrary to the constitution of any state or of the United
 7 States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency,
 8 person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the
 9 remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any
 10 government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be
 11 affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to
 12 the constitution of any state participating therein, the
 13 compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the
 14 remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the
 15 state affected as to all severable matters."

16 Section 7. Section 40-18-35.2 is added to the Code
 17 of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

18 §40-18-35.2.

19 All amounts included in income under 26 U.S.C. §
 20 951A shall be deducted from federal taxable income for
 21 purposes of computing taxable income under this chapter.
 22 However, any amount subtracted under this section is allowed
 23 only to the extent such amount is not deductible in
 24 determining federal taxable income. As to any amount

1 subtracted under this section, there shall be added to such
2 taxable income all expenses deducted under any section of 26
3 U.S.C. on the taxpayer's return for the taxable year which are
4 attributable, directly or indirectly, to such subtracted
5 amount. The deduction provided by 26 U.S.C. § 250 shall apply
6 only to the extent the same income was included in Alabama
7 taxable income under this chapter.

8 Section 8. Section 40-18-35.3 is added to the Code
9 of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

10 §40-18-35.3.

11 The amount of any contribution by the State of
12 Alabama or any political subdivision thereof computed in
13 accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 118(b)(2), to the extent that the
14 amount is included in the corporation's federal taxable income
15 pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 118(b)(2) shall be deducted from
16 federal taxable income for purposes of computing taxable
17 income under this chapter.

18 Section 9. Section 40-18-39.1 is added to the Code
19 of Alabama to read as follows:

20 §40-18-39.1.

21 (a) For a tax year in which the business interest
22 expense deduction of the taxpayer, or of any federal
23 consolidated return group of which the taxpayer is a member,
24 is not limited pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 163(j) on the federal
25 income tax return for the tax year, the taxpayer shall not be

1 subject to a limitation on the taxpayer's business interest
2 expense deduction other than the limitation provided in
3 Section 40-18-35(b) for interest expense with a related
4 member.

5 (b)(1) For a tax year in which the business interest
6 expense deduction of the taxpayer, or of any federal
7 consolidated return group of which the taxpayer is a member,
8 is limited pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 163(j) on the federal
9 income tax return for the tax year, the taxpayer shall
10 calculate the business interest expense deduction limitation
11 under 26 U.S.C. § 163(j), for purposes of computing Alabama
12 taxable income, on a separate-entity basis, or in the case of
13 the members of an Alabama affiliated group, as defined in
14 Section 40-18-39(b)(1), which files an Alabama consolidated
15 return as defined in Section 40-18-39(b)(2), on the basis of
16 the Alabama consolidated return group.

17 (2) The gross receipts test under 26 U.S.C. §
18 163(j)(3) shall apply to each separate entity which is subject
19 to Alabama income tax, or in the case of an Alabama affiliated
20 group, as defined in Section 40-18-39(b)(1), which files an
21 Alabama consolidated return as defined in Section
22 40-18-39(b)(2), to the Alabama consolidated return group.

23 (3) The limitation provided in subsection (a) will
24 apply before the application of the limitation provided in
25 Section 40-18-35(b) for interest expense with a related

1 member. For purposes of the limitation provided in Section
2 40-18-35(b), the net interest deduction limitation calculated
3 under the provisions of this subsection shall be allocated on
4 a pro rata basis to the interest income recipients. Any
5 resulting interest expense carryforward shall also be
6 allocated on a pro rata basis to the interest income
7 recipients. In any tax year in which a taxpayer deducts
8 business interest expense on its federal tax return, or the
9 tax return of the federal consolidated group of which it is a
10 member, which was carried forward from a previous tax year and
11 which is also subject to the add back provisions for interest
12 expense with a related member under Section 40-18-35(b), the
13 taxpayer shall apply the provisions of Section 40-18-35(b) to
14 the amount of the interest expense carried forward in addition
15 to the amount accrued or incurred in the current tax year.
16 Taxpayers which determine their business interest expense
17 deduction pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall
18 submit to the Department of Revenue the appropriate forms,
19 schedules, and statements needed in order to confirm the
20 business interest expense deduction was calculated correctly.

21 (4) A taxpayer with nonbusiness income and/or
22 nonbusiness interest expense shall allocate nonbusiness
23 interest expense to nonbusiness income and shall calculate a
24 limit on the business interest expense deduction associated
25 with nonbusiness income and nonbusiness interest expense on a

1 pro rata basis. Nonbusiness interest expense shall be assigned
2 to nonbusiness income and shall only be allowed to reduce
3 nonbusiness income.

4 Section 10. (a) This section shall be known and may
5 be cited as the, "Alabama Electing Pass-Through Entity Tax
6 Act."

7 (b) For the purposes of this act, the following term
8 shall have the following meaning:

9 (1) ELECTING PASS-THROUGH ENTITY. Any Alabama S
10 corporation, as is defined by Section 40-18-160, Code of
11 Alabama 1975, and any Subchapter K Entity, as is defined by
12 Section 40-18-1, Code of Alabama 1975, that has made an
13 election pursuant to subsection (d) to pay Alabama income tax
14 at the rate prescribed in subsection (e).

15 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1,
16 2021, any Alabama S corporation, as is defined by Section
17 40-18-160, Code of Alabama 1975, and any Subchapter K Entity,
18 as is defined by Section 40-18-1, Code of Alabama 1975, may
19 elect to be taxed as an Electing Pass-Through Entity.

20 (d) An Electing Pass-Through Entity shall submit the
21 appropriate form to the Department of Revenue at any time
22 during the tax year or on or before the fifteenth day of the
23 third month following the close of that tax year for which the
24 entity elects to be taxed as an Electing Pass-Through Entity.
25 This election shall be binding for that year and all

1 subsequent tax years and shall not be revoked unless the
2 Electing Pass-Through Entity submits the appropriate form to
3 the Department of Revenue at any time during a subsequent tax
4 year or on or before the fifteenth day of the third month
5 following the close of that tax year for which the entity
6 elects to no longer be taxed as an Electing Pass-Through
7 Entity. Both the election to become an Electing Pass-Through
8 Entity and the revocation of that election shall be
9 accomplished by a vote by or written consent of the members of
10 the governing body of the entity as well as a vote by or
11 written consent of the owners, members, partners, or
12 shareholders holding greater than 50 percent of the voting
13 control of the entity, within the time prescribed above.

14 (e) An Electing Pass-Through Entity shall pay a tax
15 at the highest marginal rate provided in Section 40-18-5, Code
16 of Alabama 1975, calculated in accordance with the provisions
17 of Section 40-18-24 or Section 40-18-161 and Section
18 40-18-162, Code of Alabama 1975, as appropriate, and
19 apportioned in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 27 of
20 Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975. An Electing Pass-Through
21 Entity shall be subject to the provisions of Section
22 40-18-80.1 Code of Alabama 1975, (estimated tax for
23 corporations). In calculating taxable income for the purposes
24 of this subsection, Alabama tax paid under the provisions of

1 this subsection shall not be deducted in calculating Alabama
 2 taxable income.

3 (f) The owners, members, partners, or shareholders
 4 shall not be liable for the tax otherwise imposed by Chapters
 5 16 and 18 of Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975, on their pro rata
 6 or distributive shares of the Electing Pass-Through Entity's
 7 income.

8 (g) The adjusted basis of the owners, members,
 9 partners, or shareholders of an Electing Pass-Through Entity
 10 in their stock or other ownership interests in the entity
 11 shall be calculated without regard to the election under this
 12 section.

13 (h) Notwithstanding anything in Chapter 18 of Title
 14 40, Code of Alabama 1975, to the contrary, neither the
 15 election by an Electing Pass-Through Entity under this section
 16 nor its revocation of the election shall be considered a
 17 liquidation or termination of the entity or an otherwise
 18 taxable event.

19 Section 11. No refunds shall be granted or paid for
 20 tax years ending before January 1, 2020, related to the
 21 provisions of this act.

22 Section 12. The Department of Revenue may adopt
 23 rules for the implementation and administration of this act.

24 Section 13. Sections 2 through 4 of this act shall
 25 be effective for tax years ending after the enactment of the

1 federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act,
2 Pub. L. 116-136. Section 7 of this act shall apply
3 retroactively for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017.
4 Section 8 shall apply to contributions made on or after
5 December 23, 2017. Sections 6, 9, and 10 of this act shall
6 become effective for tax years beginning on or after January
7 1, 2021. All other sections of this act shall be effective
8 immediately, following its passage and approval by the
9 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

Mac McCutchen

Speaker of the House of Representatives

[Signature]

President and Presiding Officer of the Senate

House of Representatives

I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and was passed by the House 04-FEB-21, as amended.

Jeff Woodard
Clerk

Senate

10-FEB-21

Passed

APPROVED

2-12-2021

TIME

8:32 AM

Kay Ivey
GOVERNOR

Alabama Secretary Of State

Act Num....: 2021-1
Bill Num....: H-170

Recv'd 02/12/21 09:29amSLF

SPONSORS

Whitt

HOUSE ACTION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE RESOLUTION AS REQUIRED IN SECTION C OF ACT NO. 81-889 WAS ADOPTED AND IS ATTACHED TO THE BILL, H.B. 170

YEAS 95 NAYS 0

JEFF WOODARD, Clerk

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE NOTICE & PROOF IS ATTACHED TO THE BILL, H.B. AS REQUIRED IN THE GENERAL ACTS OF ALABAMA, 1975 ACT NO. 919.

JEFF WOODARD, Clerk

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

House Conferees

DATE: 2-4 2021

RD 1 RFD F+TE

This Bill was referred to the Standing Committee of the Senate on F+TE

and was acted upon by such Committee in session and is by order of the Committee returned therefrom with a favorable report w/amend(s) 10 w/sub 0 by a vote of yeas 10 nays 0 abstain 0 this 9th day of February 2021, Chairperson

DATE: 2-9-21 20__

RF FAU RD 2 CAL

DATE: 20__

RE-REFERRED RE-COMMITTED

Committee

I hereby certify that the Resolution as required in Section C of Act No. 81-889 was adopted and is attached to the Bill, HB 170

YEAS 27 NAYS 0

PATRICK HARRIS, Secretary